



28. listopadu 2024

Národní technická knihovna v Praze



# PŘED ROKEM JSME ZDE POKŘTILI KOMPETENČNÍ RÁMEC





# KOMPETENČNÍ RÁMEC ABSOLVENTA A ABSOLVENTKY UČITELSTVÍ PODPORUJÍ:





Rada vysokých škol



Národní akreditační úřad pro vysoké školství









Asociace děkanů přírodovědných fakult



Asociace děkanů
tělovýchovných fakult ČR



















# KOMPETENČNÍ RÁMEC SE STAL SPOLEČNÝM ZÁKLADEM MNOHA ZMĚN

## **Dnes:**

- **78** % provázejících učitelů pracuje s *Kompetenčním rámcem absolventa* a absolventky učitelství. (Zdroj: Evaluace pokusného ověřování Systém podpory provázejících učitelů; n = 1302 provázejících učitelů)
- 14 vysokých škol v ČR uskutečňuje projekty z OP JAK na podporu jeho zavádění do přípravy učitelů a inovuje své studijní programy.
- 27 oborově specifických kompetenčních rámců, které dále specifikují KR AAU, vzniká v meziuniverzitní spolupráci.
- 16 nových kvalifikačních programů CŽV "studium pedagogiky pro učitele
   2. stupně ZŠ a pro SŠ" v souladu s KR AAU.
- 3 pracovní skupiny průběžně pracovaly na zavádění částí KR AAU do přípravy.

# NÁRODNÍ ŠETŘENÍ UČITELSKÝCH KOMPETENCÍ 2024

## Self-efficacy absolventů

- Ve kterých kompetencích KR AAU si absolventi a začínající učitelé věří více a ve kterých méně?
- Do jaké míry absolventi v průběhu přípravy vykonávali činnosti, při nichž se uplatňují jednotlivé kompetence uvedené v KR AAU?

## Adaptační období

 Jak vypadá podpora začínajících učitelů v adaptačním období ze strany uvádějících učitelů? Do jaké míry jsou začínající učitelé spokojeni s průběhem adaptačního období?

## Nástup absolventů do profese

Jaký podíl absolventů nastupuje do profese učitele?

# 5 DIMENZÍ UVÁDĚNÍ KOMPETENČNÍHO RÁMCE V ŽIVOT:

- 1) Kompetenční pojetí přípravy učitelů
  - Znalosti, dovednosti, postoje a tomu odpovídající metody a formy práce
- 2) Spolupráce vzdělavatelů a integrace či návaznost jednotlivých složek přípravy
  - Obor, oborová didaktika, pedagogika, psychologie, praxe
- 3) Formativní hodnocení s oporou o KR AAU
  - Sebehodnocení studentů, vzájemné hodnocení, kriteriální hodnocení ze strany vzdělavatelů
- 4) Modelování kompetencí ve výuce na VŠ
  - Vzdělavatel/ka na VŠ či provázející učitel/ka jako vzor
- 5) Propsání KR AAU do akreditací



## **Teachers' Standards**

#### PREAMBLE

Teachers make the education of their pupils their first concern, and are accountable for achieving the highest possible standards in work and conduct. Teachers act with honesty and fintegrity; have strong subject knowledge, keep their knowledge and skills as teachers up-to-date and are self-critical; forge positive professional reflationships; and work with parents in the best interests of their numb.

#### ART ONE: TEACHING

#### A teacher must-

#### 1 Set high expectations which inspire, motivate and challenge pupils

- establish a safe and stimulating environment for pupils, rooted in mutual respect
- set goals that stretch and challenge pupils of all backgrounds, abilities and dispositions
- demonstrate consistently the positive attitudes, values and behaviour which are expected of pupils.

#### 2 Promote good progress and outcomes by pupils

- be accountable for pupils' attainment, progress and outcomes
   be aware of pupils' capabilities and their prior knowledge, and plants.
- be aware of pupils' capabilities and their prior knowledge, and plan teaching to build on these
- guide pupils to reflect on the progress they have made and their emerging needs
- demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how pupils learn and how this impacts on teaching
- encourage pupils to take a responsible and conscientious attitude to their own work and study.

#### 3 Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge

- have a secure knowledge of the relevant subject(s) and curriculum areas, foster and maintain pupils' interest in the subject, and address misunderstandings
- demonstrate a critical understanding of developments in the subject and curriculum areas, and promote the value of scholarship demonstrate an understanding of and take responsibility for.
- demonstrate an understanding of and take responsibility for promoting high standards of literacy, articulacy and the correct use of standard English, whatever the teacher's specialist subject
- if teaching early reading, demonstrate a clear understanding of systematic synthetic phonics
- if teaching early mathematics, demonstrate a clear understanding of appropriate teaching strategies.

#### 4 Plan and teach well structured lessons

- impart knowledge and develop understanding through effective use of lesson time
- promote a love of learning and children's intellectual curiosity
- set homework and plan other out-of-class activities to consolidate and extend the knowledge and understanding pupils have acquired
- reflect systematically on the effectiveness of lessons and approaches to teaching
- contribute to the design and provision of an engaging curriculum within the relevant subject area(s).

#### 5 Adapt teaching to respond to the strengths and needs of all pupils

- know when and how to differentiate appropriately, using approaches which enable pupils to be taught effectively
- have a secure understanding of how a range of factors can inhibit pupils' ability to learn, and how best to overcome these
- demonstrate an awareness of the physical, social and intellectual development of children, and know how to adapt teaching to support pupils' education at different stages of development
- have a clear understanding of the needs of all pupils, including those with special educational needs; those of high ability; those with English as an additional language; those with disabilities, and be able to use and evaluate distinctive teaching approaches to engage and support them.

#### 6 Make accurate and productive use of assessment

- know and understand how to assess the relevant subject and curriculum areas, including statutory assessment requirements
- make use of formative and summative assessment to secure pupils' progress
- use relevant data to monitor progress, set targets, and plan subsequent lessons
- give pupils regular feedback, both orally and through accurate marking, and encourage pupils to respond to the feedback.

#### 7 Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning

- have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school's behaviour policy
- have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly
- manage classes effectively, using approaches which are appropriate to pupils' needs in order to involve and motivate them
- maintain good relationships with pupils, exercise appropriate authority, and act decisively when necessary.

#### 8 Fulfil wider professional responsibilities

- make a positive contribution to the wider life and ethos of the school
   develop effective professional relationships with colleagues, knowing
- how and when to draw on advice and specialist support
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- Teachers must have proper and professional regard for the ethos, policies and practices of the school in which they teach, and maintain high standards in their own attendance and punctuality.
- Teachers must have an understanding of, and always act within, the statutory frameworks which set out their professional duties and responsibilities.

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## **ITT Core Content Framework**



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## **ITT Core Content Framework**

## **PART ONE: TEACHING**

# A teacher must:

# 2 Promote good progress and outcomes by pupils

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## ITT Core Content Framework

# **Teachers' Standards**



### How Pupils Learn (Standard 2 – 'Promote good progress')

ľ		
ı	Learn that	Learn how to

- Learning involves a lasting change in pupils' capabilities or understanding
- Prior knowledge plays an important role in how pupils learn; committing some key facts to their long-term memory is likely to help pupils learn more complex ideas
- 3. An important factor in learning is memory. which can be thought of as comprising two elements: working memory and long-term memory.
- Working memory is where information that is being actively processed is held, but its capacity is limited and can be overloaded.
- 5. Long-term memory can be considered as a store of knowledge that changes as pupils learn by integrating new ideas with existing knowledge.
- 6. Where prior knowledge is weak, pupils are more likely to develop misconceptions, particularly if new ideas are introduced too auickly.

- Avoid overloading working memory, by:
- Receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in how to take into account pupils' prior knowledge when planning how much new information to introduce
- Discussing and analysing with expert colleagues how to reduce distractions that take attention away from what is being taught (e.g. keeping the complexity of a task to a minimum, so that attention is focused on the content).
- And following expert input by taking opportunities to practise, receive feedback and improve at:
- Breaking complex material into smaller steps (e.g. using partially completed examples to focus pupils on the specific steps).

#### Build on pupils' prior knowledge, by:

- Discussing and analysing with expert colleagues how to sequence lessons so that pupils secure foundational knowledge before encountering more complex content.
- Discussing and analysing with expert colleagues how to identify possible misconceptions and plan how to prevent these forming.

And - following expert input - by taking opportunities to practise, receive feedback and improve at:

 Encouraging pupils to share emerging understanding and points of confusion so that misconceptions can be addressed.

## **How Pupils Learn (Standard 2 – 'Promote good progress')**

### Learn that...

- Learning involves a lasting change in pupils' capabilities or understanding.
- Prior knowledge plays an important role in how pupils learn; committing some key facts to their long-term memory is likely to help pupils learn more complex ideas.
- An important factor in learning is memory, which can be thought of as comprising two elements: working memory and long-term memory.
- Working memory is where information that is being actively processed is held, but its capacity is limited and can be overloaded.
- Long-term memory can be considered as a store of knowledge that changes as pupils learn by integrating new ideas with existing knowledge.
- Where prior knowledge is weak, pupils are more likely to develop misconceptions, particularly if new ideas are introduced too quickly.

### Learn how to...

## Avoid overloading working memory, by:

- Receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in how to take into account pupils' prior knowledge when planning how much new information to introduce.
- Discussing and analysing with expert colleagues how to reduce distractions that take attention away from what is being taught (e.g. keeping the complexity of a task to a minimum, so that attention is focused on the content).

And - following expert input - by taking opportunities to practise, receive feedback and improve at:

 Breaking complex material into smaller steps (e.g. using partially completed examples to focus pupils on the specific steps).

## Build on pupils' prior knowledge, by:

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And - following expert input - by taking opportunities to practise, receive feedback and improve at:

 Encouraging pupils to share emerging understanding and points of confusion so that misconceptions can be addressed. ITT Core Content Framework: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/initial-teacher-training-itt-core-content-framework

Morday 3rd February 2020 D. To mite a random extract. Entering the hall before the greet was sorred I stood ontop of my cleaned moder patium. When the greet mostocing. I could smell an appalling smell that made me feel like I was in a bin full of good me food. I could not hear a thing - Entering the hall before the greet was served, -I stad ontop of my cleaned moder patiens. - When the greet was being edded I call - smell an appalling stench that made me feel - like I was in a bin full of mouldy food. - I could not hear a thing in the hall; it felt - like I was in a church of silence and the lays were strated at when they were not talkings ungrateful
The ungrateful boys were mailing to be served



Fishery 14th February 2020 creatures, the wretched boys soon LO: To publish a minature extract. finished all of their dinner. I heared Entering the hall before the greet whospers from the back benches mos served, I stood on top of my then a short, slinny boy mas cleaned wooden podium. When approxing me I asked,"What do you now the greet was being cooked I couled by " " Lan I have some more", he said smell an appaling sterch that made whisping "h peal up, boy!" I shouted me feel like I was in a bin "Please can I have some more", he said full of mouldy fixed . I would not hear a thing in the hall; It get I purched the log, it missed he made like I was in a church of a run for it but I run after him silence. The ungrateful boys were maiting and I cought him with another punch in to be served the smelly greet when the back. "Go to the deterior rom you they making lands of Joees atthet stupid boy "I said ate it all in five secondal liking even Lieling even the tiniest greet drops off their boxs like rate or other digusting

- this writing sequence was building on children's prior knowledge of linguistic devices that children were expected to implement in their writing and reminded of in daily retrieval practice; pupils were encouraged to take responsibility for their own learning through the use of checklists and timers
- L1 30.1. LO: To identify features of a narrative extract.
- L2 31.1. LO: To plan a paragraph. (Paragraph 1)
- L3 3.2. LO: To write a paragraph. (Paragraph 1)
- L4 4.2. LO: To redraft own writing drawing on feedback. (Paragraph 1)
- L5 5.2. LO: To plan a paragraph. (Paragraph 2)
- L6 6.2. LO: To write a paragraph. (Paragraph 2)
- L7 7.2. LO: To redraft own writing drawing on feedback. (Paragraph 2)
- L8 10.2. LO: To plan and write the ending.
- L9 12.2. LO: To write a narrative extract. (Final draft)
- L10 14.2. LO: To publish a narrative extract.



	PIRA Scaled Score S Spring	PJ Reading Attainme Yr 1 Spring	PJ Reading Progress 1 Spring	PJ Writing Attainmen Yr 1 Spring	PJ Writing Progress 1 Spring	PUMA Scaled Score	P.J. Maths. Attainment 1 Spring	PJ Maths Progress S Spring	
		GDS	GEP	EXS	EXP		GIDS	GEP	_
		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	4
		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-10
		GDS	GEP	EXS	EXP		GDS	EXP	-8
1000		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-10
		EXS	EXP	EXS	GEP		EXS	EXP	-8
		WTS	LEP	WTS	LEP		19/15	EXP	-8
		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-
100		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-18
		WTS	EXP	WITE	EXP		WIS	EXP	-
		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-
7/10/2		WTS	EXP	WTS	EXP		WIS		-
		WTS	EXP	WTS	EXP		WIS	EXP	$\dashv$
12.0		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS		-1
		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	GEP	_
		GD3	GEP	GDS	GEP	1000000	GDS	EXP	
BOARD!		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS		$\dashv$
20.00	W-7-22	EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-
-		WTS	EXP	WITS	EXP		WIS	EXP	
		WIS			LEP		WIS	GEP	
		GDS	GEP	GDS	GEP		GDS		
and the		EXS	EXP	WTS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-
-		EXS	EXP	Wits	EXP		EXS	EXP	
		EXS	EXP	EXS	EXP		EXS	EXP	-





# Qualified teacher status

This is to certify that: Pavel Bobek

Teacher Reference Number: 3969657

has attained qualified teacher status (QTS), meets the requirements for employment in maintained schools and non-maintained special schools in England provided that statutory induction period (usually three school terms) is completed satisfactorily.

Date of QTS: 31 July 2020

Congratulations and best wishes for your future career

Any potential employer can independently confirm your teacher status online at: https://teacherservices.education.gov.uk

# První praxe studentky PGCE – komentáře provázejícího učitele

### Please comment directly on the Trainee's impact on children's learning:

When XXX first started in year 6 she spent time getting to know the children as individuals as well as taking groups for guided reading sessions. For guided reading, she spent time with each group allowing her to get to know the children even further and understanding the different abilities in terms of reading levels in the class. She took her knowledge from this to help her planning of guided reading for the following week.

XXX then proceeded to take on maths interventions in preparation for their SAT's. She helped to plan these using all of the assessment data that we have collated over time. These interventions were successful as the children showed improvements in lessons and assessments.

As part of her placement expectations, XXX selected 3 children to track more closely and actively engage with their attainment. She did this by looking at these children's prior data and coming up with interventions to build upon their prior learning. In addition to this, she looked at their most recent piece of writing and looked at the Year 6 framework and compared it with their writing to then set goals and success criteria. With the class teacher, she then paired each of the children up with someone in the class that thrived on the aspect of writing that the other children needed extra support in.

XXX then began planning, teaching and assessing whole class lessons which she has been doing on a consistent basis leading to her planning a sequence of English lessons, which has allowed her to track the progress in the children's writing.

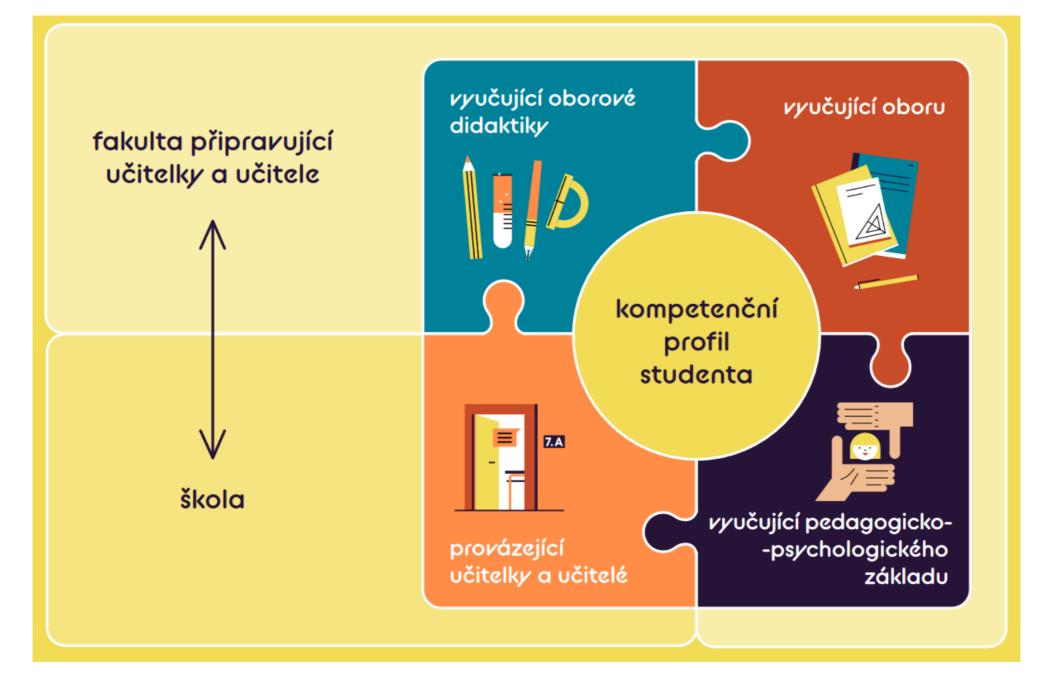
Since the beginning of her placement to the end, XXX has become and continues to be an integral part of the Year 6 team, giving her all to ensure the progress of the children's learning which she has had a clear impact on.

zaměření na pokrok dětí v jejich učení

#### The Trainee's Teaching has had 'Impact on children's learning and progress over time'. Please indicate below:

Little / No Impact on Pupil's progress	Some impact on progress evident allowing some pupils to make progress as expected over time.	Most pupils make good or better than expected progress over time.	
		Yes	





# EVALUACE POKUSNÉHO OVĚŘOVÁNÍ SYSTÉM PODPORY PROVÁZEJÍCÍCH UČITELŮ

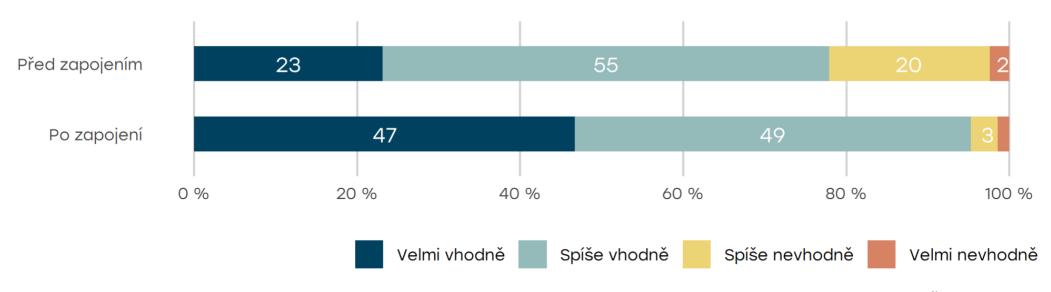
- REALIZUJE GOVLAB S.R.O.
- PRŮBĚŽNÁ EVALUAČNÍ ZPRÁVA V PROSINCI 2024
- DATOVÝ VZOREK:
  - 651 zapojených provázejících učitelů
  - 651 nezapojených provázejících učitelů (kontrolní skupina)
  - 651 studentů konajících praxe u zapojených učitelů
  - 651 studentů konajících praxe u nezapojených učitelů (kontrolní skupina)
  - 251 ředitelů/lek a zástupců vedení zapojených škol
  - Dotazníky od 38 zapojených institucí připravujících učitele
  - Celkem více než 2900 respondentů



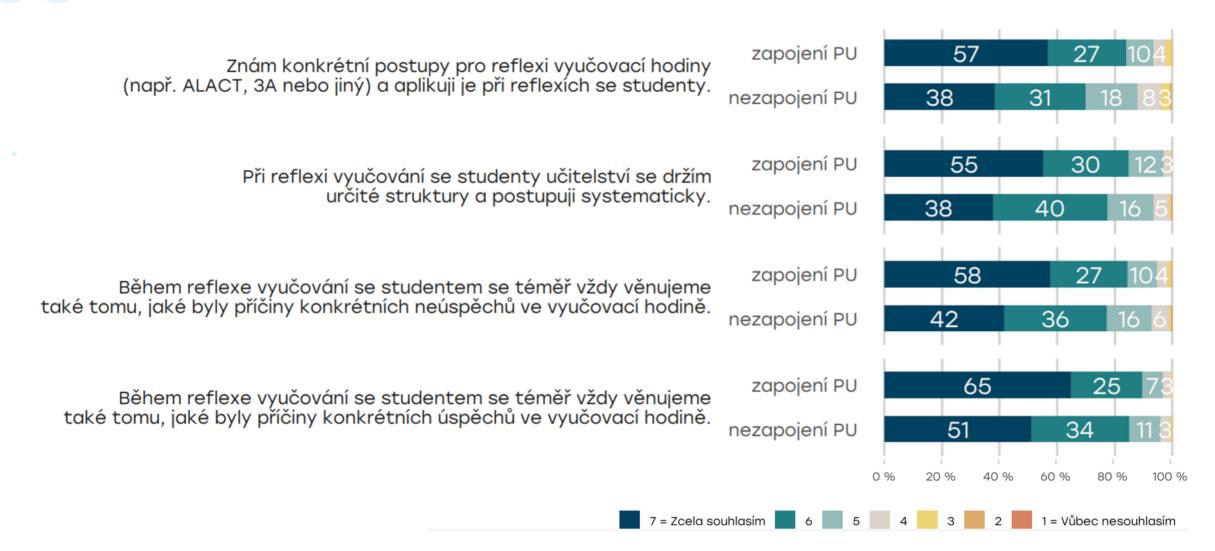
# SPOKOJENOST ŘEDITELŮ ŠKOL S NOVÝM NASTAVENÍM SYSTÉMU PRAXÍ

## Graf 3: Pedagogické praxe před a po zapojení do Systému podpory provázejících učitelů

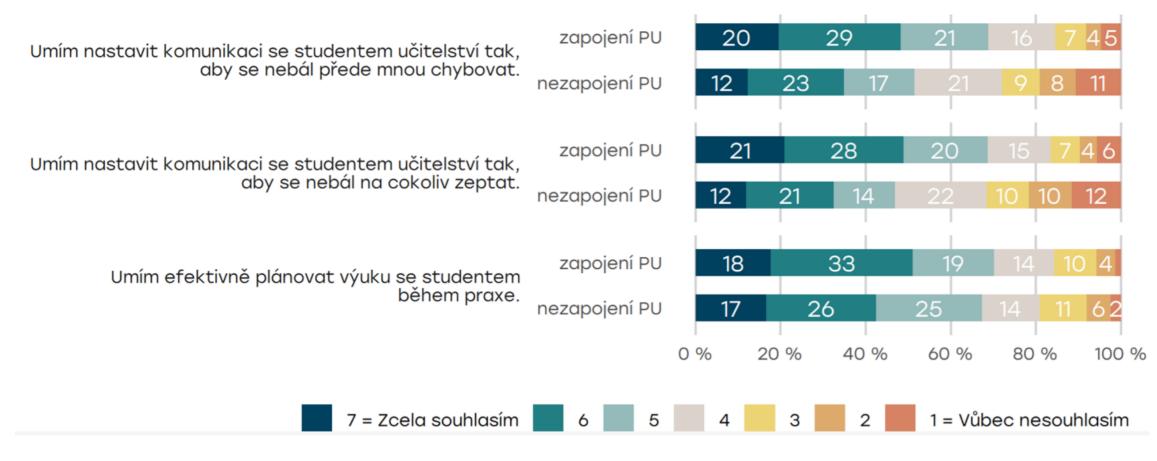
Otázka (vedení škol): Jak hodnotíte fungování systému pedagogických praxí před zapojením a po zapojení vaší školy do projektu "Pokusné ověřování systému podpory provázejících učitelů"?



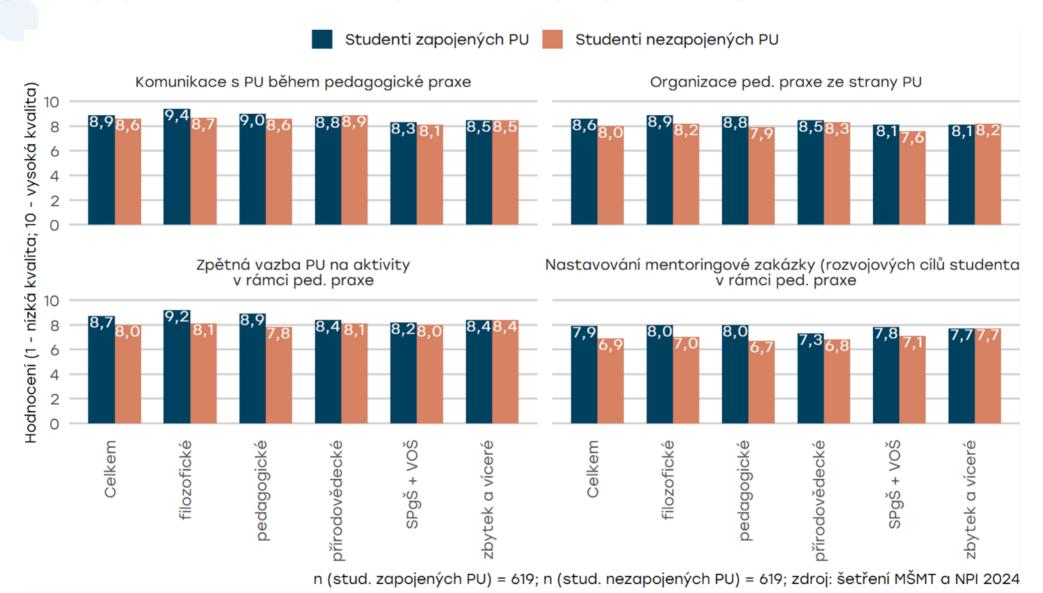
# REFLEXE VÝUKY – SEBEHODNOCENÍ PROVÁZEJÍCÍCH UČITELŮ



# BEZPEČNÉ PROSTŘEDÍ A PLÁNOVÁNÍ VÝUKY – SEBEHODNOCENÍ PROVÁZEJÍCÍCH UČITELŮ



# **HODNOCENÍ PRAXÍ ZE STRANY STUDENTŮ**



# SHRNUTÍ VÝSTUPŮ OD NEZÁVISLÉHO EVALUÁTORA (GOVLAB, S.R.O.):

"Prakticky ve všech sledovaných oblastech, kde lze srovnávat intervenční a kontrolní skupiny, vykazují intervenční skupiny provázejících učitelů i studentů mírně, ale konzistentně vyšší spokojenost s průběhem a kvalitou praxí a s organizačními podmínkami praxí a lepší hodnocení kompetencí svých i kompetencí jiných osob zahrnutých v projektu."



# CÍLE REFORMY PŘÍPRAVY UČITELŮ 2025-2028

- 1. Implementace Kompetenčního rámce absolventa a absolventky učitelství do přípravy učitelů
- 2. Úzké propojení fakult s praxí
- 3. Kontraktové financování přípravy pedagogických pracovníků
- 4. Zvyšování atraktivity studia učitelství a dostupnosti kvalifikace
- 5. Rozvoj pedagogického, psychologického a didaktického výzkumu a tvůrčí činnosti
- 6. Zvyšování role fakult připravujících učitele v rozvoji pedagogů v průběhu jejich kariéry



# HARMONOGRAM NÁVAZNÝCH KROKŮ

- Prosinec 2024 Vypořádání připomínek k dokumentu "Reforma přípravy učitelů a učitelek v ČR: Cíle a opatření na období 2025–2028"
- Únor 2025 Setkání participativní skupiny Reformy; Dojednání a podpis obnoveného
   Memoranda o spolupráci na Reformě přípravy učitelů a učitelek v ČR
- Duben až červen 2025 sběr dat v Národním šetření učitelských kompetencí a v evaluaci
  pokusného ověřování Systém podpory provázejících učitelů; přihlašování škol do poslední
  části pokusného ověřování
- Cca září 2025 Aktualizace vyhlášky č. 317/2005 Sb., o dalším vzdělávání pedagogických pracovníků, v souvislosti se zaváděním systému podpory provázejících učitelů
- Listopad 2025 3. ročník Národní konference k přípravě učitelů
- 1.1.2026 počátek účinnosti systému podpory provázejících učitelů na základě novely školského zákona





28. listopadu 2024

Národní technická knihovna v Praze



# DĚKUJEME ZA ÚČAST. A PROSÍME O VAŠI ZPĚTNOU VAZBU.







28. listopadu 2024

Národní technická knihovna v Praze

